Instructions to students: The notes provided must be copied to the math's copy & then do the Homework in the same copy.

Addition of fraction : like fraction Rule : Sum of like fraction = <u>Sum of their number</u> *Common denominator* Eg.i) $\frac{5}{9} + \frac{2}{9} = \frac{5+2}{9} = \frac{7}{9}$ ii) $\frac{5}{16} + \frac{3}{16} + \frac{7}{16} = \frac{5+3+7}{16} = \frac{15}{16}$ iii) $\frac{5}{16} + \frac{3}{16} + \frac{7}{16} = \frac{5+3+7}{16} = \frac{15}{16}$

ii) Unlike Fraction

reduce them to like fraction & add

Eg. I) find the sum ; $\frac{5}{9} + \frac{7}{12}$ L.C.M of 9 & 12 = 36 $5 = \frac{5}{9} + \frac{7}{12} = \frac{20 + 21}{12} \{ 36 \div 9 = 4 \& 4 \times 5 = 20 \}$ $36 \{ 36 \div 12 = 3 \& 3 \times 7 = 21 \}$ $= \frac{41}{36} = 1\frac{5}{36}$ Eg. 2) find the sum; $6\frac{4}{5} + 3\frac{9}{10} + 5\frac{7}{15}$

 $= \frac{34}{5} + \frac{39}{10} + \frac{82}{15}$ LCM = 30

$$= \frac{204 + 117 + 164}{30}$$
$$= \frac{485}{30} = \frac{97}{6} = 16\frac{1}{6}$$

4 Subtraction Of Fraction

Rule. 1) Difference of like fraction = $\frac{Difference \ of \ Numerator}{Common \ Denominator}$

Eg. $\frac{7}{9} - \frac{2}{9} = \frac{7-2}{9} = \frac{5}{9}$ \downarrow Unlike fraction

Rule : Convert the given fraction into like fraction

& then substract.

Eg. 1) Find the difference : $\frac{7}{8} - \frac{5}{12}$ LCM of 8 & 12 is 24 $\frac{7}{8} - \frac{5}{12} = 21 - 10 = 11$ 24 24 Eg. 2) Subtract $4\frac{5}{9}$ from $7\frac{1}{6}$ $7\frac{1}{6} - 4\frac{5}{6}$ $=\frac{43}{6}-\frac{41}{9}$ LCM = 18 <u> 129 – 82</u> 18 $=\frac{47}{18}=2\frac{11}{18}$ Eg.3) Simplify: $2 + 5\frac{2}{3} - 8\frac{3}{4} + 4\frac{5}{6}$ $=\frac{2}{1}+\frac{17}{3}-\frac{35}{4}+\frac{29}{6}$ $= \frac{24+68-105+58}{12}$ $=\frac{150-105}{12}=\frac{45}{12}=\frac{15}{4}=3\frac{3}{4}$ **4** Multiplication Of Fraction

Rule = Product of fractions = <u>Product Of Their Numerator</u> *Product of their Denominator*

Then
$$\frac{a}{b} \times \frac{c}{d} = \underline{a} \times \underline{c}$$

 $b \times d$
Eg. 1) $\frac{8}{15} \times 10 = \frac{8}{15} \times \frac{10}{1} = \frac{80}{15} = \frac{16}{3} = 5\frac{1}{3}$
 $a. \frac{9}{16} \times \frac{4}{27} = \frac{1}{12}$
Eg. 2) $4\frac{2}{3} \times 3\frac{3}{7} \times 2\frac{1}{6}$
 $= \frac{2}{14} \times \frac{24}{7} \times \frac{13}{6}$
 $= \frac{2 \times 4 \times 13}{3} = \frac{104}{3} = 34\frac{2}{3}$

4 Reciprocal or multiplication inverse of fraction

If the product of two fraction is 1 then each is called the reciprocal of the other.

$$\left\{ \frac{a}{b} \times \frac{b}{a} \right\} = 1$$
, So the reciprocal of $\frac{a}{b} = \frac{b}{a}$
Eg. $\frac{1}{6} = \frac{6}{1}$, $4 = \frac{1}{4}$

Division of fraction

If $\frac{a}{b} \& \frac{c}{d}$ are two fractions, then

$$\left(\frac{a}{b} \div \frac{c}{d}\right) = \frac{a}{b} \times \frac{d}{c} = \left\{\frac{a}{b} \times \text{reciprocal of } \frac{c}{d}\right\}$$
Eg. $\frac{5}{14} \div \frac{2}{7}$

$$= \frac{5}{14} \times \frac{7}{2} = \frac{5}{4} = 1 \frac{1}{4}$$

$$\Downarrow \text{Word Problems On Fractions}$$

Q.1) From a rope of length $25\frac{1}{2}$ m, a piece of length $16\frac{2}{5}$ m is

cut of. Find the length of the remaining rope Sol.. total length of the rope = $25\frac{1}{2} = \frac{51}{2}m$ length of the piece cut off = $16\frac{2}{5}m = \frac{82}{5}m$ length of the remaining rope = $(\frac{51}{2} - \frac{82}{5})$ = $\frac{255 - 164}{10}$ $= \frac{91}{10}m = 9\frac{1}{10}m$ x. 2) A car moves at a uniform speed of $43\frac{1}{r}$ km/ph

Ex. 2) A car moves at a uniform speed of $43\frac{1}{5}$ km/ph. How much distance will it cover in $3\frac{1}{3}$ hrs. Sol.. Distance covered in 1 hrs = $43\frac{1}{5}$ km = $\frac{216}{5}$ km

Distance covered in
$$3\frac{1}{3}$$
 hrs = $(\frac{216}{5} \times \frac{10}{3})$
= 144 km

Home work :

- Ex. 6.5 Question No. 3, 4
 - 6.6 Question No. 2, 4
 - 6.7 Question No. 1, 3, 5